CONEJOS COUNTY, COLORADO

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2018



Wall, Smith, Bateman Inc. Certified Public Accountants

CONEJOS COUNTY, COLORADO TABLE OF CONTENTS December 31, 2018

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	4
Statement of Activities	5
Governmental Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet	6
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to the Statement of Net Position	7
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	8
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of	
Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	9
Fiduciary Fund Financial Statement	
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	10
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	11
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance- Budget and Actual	
General Fund	25
Road and Bridge Fund	26
Social Services Fund	27
Public Health Fund	28
Supplementary Information	
Combining General Fund Schedules	
Combining Balance Sheet	29
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	30
Combining Schedules of Nonmajor Governmental Funds	50
Combining Balance Sheet	31
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	32
Schedule of Expenditures and Transfers out- Budget and Actual	52
All Nonmajor Governmental Funds	33
Other Schedules and Reports:	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	34
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and	
Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
Government Auditing Standards	38
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over	
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	40
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	42
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	44
Corrective Action Plan	
Local Highway Finance Report	

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT



Wall,

Smith.

Bateman Inc.

To the Board of County Commissioners Conejos County, Colorado

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Conejos County, Colorado (the County), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Conejos County, Colorado as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Certified Public Accountants

Board of County Commissioners Conejos County, Colorado Page 2

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information on pages 25-28 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining fund financial schedules and the Local Highway Finance Report are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining fund financial schedules, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, and the Local Highway Finance Report are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining fund financial schedules, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, and the Local Highway Finance Report are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Board of County Commissioners Conejos County, Colorado Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 15, 2019, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Wall, Smith, Barteman Inc.

Wall, Smith, Bateman Inc. Alamosa, Colorado

July 15, 2019

CONEJOS COUNTY, COLORADO

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONEJOS COUNTY, COLORADO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2018

	Primary Government
	Governmental
	Activities
ASSETS Current Assets	
Cash and Investments	6,917,853
Accounts Receivable	108,703
Due from Other Governments	251,632
Property Taxes Receivable	1,688,535
Inventories	85,804
Total Current Assets	9,052,527
Noncurrent Assets	
Capital Assets	
Land	740,824
Construction in Progress	-
Infrastructure	1,270,010
Buildings and Improvements	6,737,537
Equipment	4,682,509
Vehicles	1,202,871
Less Accumulated Depreciation/Depletion	(8,105,077)
Total Noncurrent Assets	6,528,674
TOTAL ASSETS	15,581,201
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	48,269
Due to Other Governments	-
Unearned Grant Revenue	442,499
Capital Leases Payable	80,792
Compensated Absences	8,663
Total Current Liabilities	580,223
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Capital Leases Payable	137,695
Compensated Absences	235,213
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	372,908
TOTAL LIABILITIES	953,131
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - CURRENT	
Unavailable Revenue - Property Tax	1,688,535
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	6,310,187
Restricted for TAROP Amondment Reserve	294.000
TABOR Amendment Reserve	284,000
Forest Reserve - Title III	40,079
Single Entry Point Unrestricted	576,097 5 720 172
Unrestricted	5,729,172
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 12,939,535

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

CONEJOS COUNTY, COLORADO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

		Charges for	Program Revenue Operating Grants &	es Capital Grants &	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Primary			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Government			
Primary Government Governmental Activities								
General Government	\$ 2,427,070	\$ 335,575	\$ 288,670	\$ 350,000	\$ (1,452,825)			
Public Safety	1,681,168	196,251	102,875	-	(1,382,042)			
Health and Welfare	6,892,287	963,136	5,431,175	11,722	(486,254)			
Highways and Streets	1,805,424	-	2,167,314	-	361,890			
Judicial - District Attorney	149,000	-	-	-	(149,000)			
Auxiliary Services	19,995	-	-	-	(19,995)			
Culture and Recreation	61,612	-	43,326	-	(18,286)			
Interest on Long-Term Debt	6,301				(6,301)			
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 13,042,857	\$ 1,494,962	\$ 8,033,360	\$ 361,722	(3,152,813)			
	General Revenu	ies						
	Taxes							
	-	rty Taxes - Net			2,024,668			
	Other Taxes				47,924			
	Payment in Lieu				1,192,112			
	Interest on Inve	stments			111,998			
	Miscellaneous				122,306			
	Total General R	levenues			3,499,008			
	Change in Net Position							
Net Position - Beginning								
	Net Position - E	nding			\$ 12,939,535			

CONEJOS COUNTY, COLORADO GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET December 31, 2018

	(GENERAL FUND	AN	ROAD ID BRIDGE FUND	SOCIAL ERVICES FUND	PUBLIC HEALTH FUND	GOV	OTHER ÆRNMENTAL FUNDS	GOV	TOTAL /ERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable Due From Other Governments Property Taxes Receivable Inventories	\$	2,866,565 57,993 - 1,295,989	\$	1,585,859 - 107,405 87,339 73,620	\$ 1,312,913 879 56,714 287,739	\$ 874,419 49,831 87,513 - 12,184	\$	278,097 - - 17,468	\$	6,917,853 108,703 251,632 1,688,535 85,804
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	4,220,547	\$	1,854,223	\$ 1,658,245	\$ 1,023,947	\$	295,565	\$	9,052,527
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE LIABILITIES					 	 				
Accounts Payable Due to Other Governments Unearned Grant Revenue	\$	17,843 - 48,765	\$	5,732	\$ 2,242 - 393,734	\$ 22,452	\$	-	\$	48,269 - 442,499
TOTAL LIABILITIES		66,608		5,732	 395,976	 22,452				490,768
		00,008		5,752	 393,970	 22,432		-		490,708
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unearned Revenue - Property Tax		1,295,989		87,339	 287,739	 		17,468		1,688,535
FUND BALANCE										
Nonspendable Inventory Restricted for		-		73,620	-	12,184		-		85,804
TABOR Amendment Reserve		284,000		-	-	-		-		284,000
Forest Reserve - Title III		-		40,079	-	-		-		40,079
Single Entry Point		-		-	-	576,097		-		576,097
Committed for Contingencies Capital Expenditures		2,286,665		-	-	-		- 165,096		2,286,665 165,096
Highways and Streets		-		1,647,453	-	-		-		1,647,453
Health and Welfare		-		-	974,530	413,214		-		1,387,744
Culture and Recreation		-		-	-	-		113,001		113,001
Assigned for										
Subsequent Year Expenditures		-		-	-	-		-		-
Unassigned		287,285			 -	 -		-		287,285
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		2,857,950		1,761,152	 974,530	 1,001,495		278,097		6,873,224
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE	\$	4,220,547	\$	1,854,223	\$ 1,658,245	\$ 1,023,947	\$	295,565	\$	9,052,527

CONEJOS COUNTY, COLORADO RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2018

Total governmental fund balances	\$	6,873,224
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		6,528,674
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Capital Leases Payable	(218,487)	
Compensated Absences	(243,876)	(462,363)
Net position of governmental activities		12,939,535

CONEJOS COUNTY, COLORADO GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	GENERAL FUND		ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND		SOCIAL SERVICE FUND		PUBLIC HEALTH FUND	GOV	OTHER VERNMENTAL FUNDS	GO	TOTAL VERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES	ф 1 530 300		b 00.054	¢	264.056	¢		¢	75 1 40	٩	2 0 5 0 2 5 5
Taxes	\$ 1,538,298		\$ 92,054 2 427 147	\$	364,856	\$	-	\$	75,149	\$	2,070,357
Intergovernmental Revenue Licenses and Permits	1,695,844 50,025		2,437,147		4,601,523		800,330		43,326		9,578,170 50,025
Interest on Investments	81,711		22,301		-		838		- 7,148		111,998
Charges for Services	773,946		22,501				671,662		7,140		1,445,608
Miscellaneous	104,391		14,665		_		8,370		5,468		132,894
TOTAL REVENUES	4,244,215		2,566,167		4,966,379		1,481,200		131,091		13,389,052
EXPENDITURES	· · · · ·										
Current Expenditures											
General Government	2,092,341		282,821		-		-		509		2,375,671
Public Safety	1,557,609		-		-		-		-		1,557,609
Health and Welfare	644,140		-		4,802,825		1,329,522		-		6,776,487
Highways and Streets	-		1,472,722		-		-		-		1,472,722
Judicial - District Attorney	149,000		-		-		-		-		149,000
Culture and Recreation	-		-		-		-		61,612		61,612
Auxiliary Services	18,989		-		-		-		-		18,989
Capital Outlay	177,709		176,590		-		5,024		29,901		389,224
Debt Service			72,489		-		-		-		72,489
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,639,788		2,004,622		4,802,825		1,334,546		92,022		12,873,803
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(395,573)	<u> </u>	561,545		163,554		146,654		39,069		515,249
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Lease Proceeds	96,380		-		-		-		-		96,380
Transfers In	100,000		-		-		30,000		100,000		230,000
Transfers Out	(130,000)		(100,000)		-		-		-		(230,000)
Commodities Received	-		-		-		96,892		-		96,892
Commodities Issued			-		-		(96,892)		-		(96,892)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	66,380		(100,000)		-		30,000		100,000		96,380
Net Change in Fund Balance	(329,193)		461,545		163,554		176,654		139,069		611,629
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	3,187,143		1,299,607		810,976		824,841		139,028		6,261,595
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 2,857,950	= =	\$ 1,761,152	\$	974,530	\$	1,001,495	\$	278,097	\$	6,873,224

CONEJOS COUNTY, COLORADO RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 611,629
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Fixed asset additions Depreciation expense Net effect of capital outlay, depreciation, and deletions	\$ 336,460 (562,695)	(226,235)
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Activity of debt is as follows:		
Capital lease proceeds Capital lease payments	 (96,380) 66,188	(30,192)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Change in compensated absences		 (9,007)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 346,195

CONEJOS COUNTY, COLORADO FIDUCIARY FUND STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	AGENCY FUND					
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents- County Treasurer	\$	830,159				
Jail Commissary Cash	Ψ 	99,326				
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	929,485				
LIABILITIES						
Funds Held for Others	\$	929,485				
TOTAL LIABILIITIES	\$	929,485				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of the County reflected in the accompanying financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for local governments are those promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in *Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*.

REPORTING ENTITY

Primary Government

The County is a political subdivision organized under the statutes of the State of Colorado. The County is governed by a three-member Board of County Commissioners (the Board). Each commissioner is elected at-large by the voters of the County to represent one of the three separate districts and must reside in the district for which he or she is elected. There are also six other elected officials - assessor, clerk and recorder, coroner, sheriff, district attorney, and treasurer. The treasurer is also the County Public Trustee.

The County provides a wide range of services to its residents including general administration, public safety, highways and streets, parks and recreation, health and social services, public improvements, planning, zoning, sanitation, and the office of the public trustee.

Component Units

The County's combined financial statements include the accounts of all County operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the County's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*, include whether:

- The organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- The County holds the corporate powers of the organization
- The County appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- The County is able to impose its will on the organization
- The organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the County
- There is fiscal dependency by the organization on the County
- The organization is financially accountable to the County
- The organization receives or holds funds that are for the benefit of the County; and the County has access to a majority of the funds held; and the funds that are accessible are also significant to the County.

Based on the aforementioned criteria, Conejos County has no component units.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. Government-wide statements report information on all of the activities of the County and its component units, except for County fiduciary activity. The effect of interfund transfers has been removed from the government-wide statements but continues to be reflected on the fund statements. Mainly taxes and intergovernmental revenues support governmental activities.

The statement of activities reflects the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable within a specific function. Program revenues include:

- Charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and
- Grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included in program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants are recognized as revenue when all applicable eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The County considers grant revenues to be available if they are collected within 120 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

- The *General Fund* is the general operating fund of the County. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The *Road and Bridge Fund* is used to account for the maintenance and improvements of streets and highways. The sources of funds include property taxes, highway users fees, and other revenue sources.
- The *Social Services Fund* is used to account for the operations of social programs; i.e. Temporary Aid to Needy Families, Old Age Pension, Aid to the Blind, Aid to the Needy and Disabled, among others. Financing is provided by grants, allotments, and property tax revenue.
- The *Public Health Fund* is used to account for the multiple programs of providing health services. Financing is provided by grants and fees for services.

Fiduciary fund financial statements consist of the Agency Fund established to record transactions relating to assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, governmental entities, and non-public organizations. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regards to interfund activities, payables, and receivables. All internal balances have been eliminated in the Statement of Net Position. All interfund transfers have been eliminated in the Statement of Activities.

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE

Cash

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

All investments, if any, are recorded at fair market value.

Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 each year. The taxes are payable in two installments on February 28 and June 15 or in full on April 30. The County Treasurer bills and collects all property taxes for the County. Property tax revenue is recognized by the County to the extent it results in a current receivable.

The 2018 property tax levy due January 1, 2019, has been recorded in the financial statements as a receivable and a corresponding deferred inflow of resources.

Receivables/Payables from Other County Funds

Balances that originate from current lending/borrowing arrangements between funds are referred to as "Due To/From Other Funds".

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market. Inventory in the special revenue funds consists of expendable supplies held for use. Reported inventories are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance, which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets. The inventory policy on government-wide statements is consistent with fund statements.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, equipment, vehicles, construction in progress, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and Improvements	10-40
Equipment	5-15
Vehicles	5-7
Infrastructure	10-40

Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. In the fund financial statements for governmental fund types, debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and debt payments are reported as debt service expenditures.

Compensated Absences

County policy allows employees to accumulate unused vacation, comp time, and sick leave up to certain maximum hours. At December 31 of each year, unused vacation time over 150 hours is forfeited. Retiring employees are paid 100% of unused vacation and comp time. Sick time unused by retiring employees is paid 50% up to 240 hours. All vacation and sick leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

Unearned Revenue

Revenues on grants, which are restricted by the grant contract for specific purposes, are recognized as revenue only after eligible grant costs have been incurred. Grant funds received in excess of grant expenditures are recorded as unearned revenues.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position and the governmental funds Balance Sheet report a separate section of deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is displayed in the following three components:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net accumulated depreciation, reduced by the
 outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or
 improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are
 attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt should be
 included in this component of net position.
- *Restricted* consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Restricted assets consist of assets that have limitations imposed on their use either through the

enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

• Unrestricted – consists of the net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted components of net position.

Fund Balance

Fund balances are reported by classification based on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints for the specific purposes on which amounts in the fund can be spent. Fund balances are classified in one of the following five categories:

- *Nonspendable Fund Balance* amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form such as inventory and prepaid expenditures.
- Restricted Fund Balance amounts restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed Fund Balance amounts that can only be used for specific purposes as a result of constraints imposed through adopted resolution by the Board of County Commissioners, the highest level of decision making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes those constraints by taking the same type of action. Committed fund balances differ from restricted balances because the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.
- Assigned Fund Balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the Board of County Commissioners or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority.
- *Unassigned Fund Balance* amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position/fund balance is available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board of County Commissioners has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Conejos County follows the procedures set forth in the Colorado Local Government Budget Law when preparing the annual budget for each fund. Budget procedures include:

- Preparation of budget documents by administrative staff, which shall be submitted to the Board no later than October 15 of each year.
- Publication of a notice stating that the budget is available for public inspection.
- Discussion of the budget in a meeting open to the public.
- Adoption of the budget in a public meeting by appropriate resolution, no later than December 31.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for all funds of the County. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

The total expenditures for each fund cannot exceed the budgeted amount unless a supplemental appropriation is adopted. The Board of County Commissioners adopted supplemental appropriations during 2018.

All budget amounts presented in the accompanying supplementary information reflect the original budget and the final amended budget.

NOTE 3 CASH, DEPOSITS, AND INVESTMENTS

A summary of Cash, Deposits, and Investments for the County are as follow:

Cash on Hand	\$ 4,315
Cash Deposited in Banks	1,212,054
C-SAFE	631,224
ColoTrust	4,043,452
Other Investments	 1,956,293
Total Cash, Deposits, and Investments (Book Balance)	7,847,338
Less: Amounts Related to Agency Fund	(929,485)
Total Cash, Deposits, and Investments on the Statement of Net Position	\$ 6,917,853

Cash and Deposits

Colorado State Statutes govern the County's deposits of cash. The statutes specify eligible depositories for public cash deposits, which must be Colorado institutions and must maintain federal insurance (FDIC) on deposits held.

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized in accordance with the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to the aggregate uninsured deposits. All deposits in 2018 were in eligible public depositories, as defined by the Public Deposit Protection Act of 1989.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At December 31, 2018, \$1,038,311 was exposed to custodial credit risk. Deposits exposed to credit risk are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions through PDPA.

Investments

The County's investment policy and Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local government entities may invest. They include:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities
- Certain international agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Local government investment pools
- Repurchase agreements
- Money market funds
- Guaranteed investments contracts
- Corporate or bank debt issued by eligible corporations or banks

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

The County's investment policy calls for investment diversification within the portfolio to avoid unreasonable risks inherent in over investing in specific instruments, individual financial institutions or maturities. The policy allows for the investment in local government investment pools.

Interest Rate Risk

Colorado Revised Statutes and the County's investment policy limit investment maturities to five years or less from the date of purchase. This limit on investment maturities is a means of limiting exposure to fair values arising from increasing interest rates.

Fair Value

Fair value investments classified at Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Fair value investments classified as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using the active market rates for the underlying securities. Fair value investments classified as Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using non-observable inputs.

The Colorado Government Liquid Asset Trust (ColoTrust) is an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado pursuant to Part 7 of Article 75 of Title 24 of the Colorado Revised Statutes, to pool surplus funds for investment purposes. ColoTrust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. The fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. The designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions. Substantially all securities owned by the pool are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by the pool. Investments of the pools consist of U.S. Treasury bills, notes and note strips and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury Notes. ColoTrust is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

The Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (C-SAFE) investments are valued using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) of the investments. The investments do not have any unfunded commitments, redemption restrictions, redemption notice periods or withdrawal restrictions. CSAFE investments conform to Colorado Statutes CRS 24-75-601 et. seq. and therefore invests primarily in securities of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, Primary Dealer Repurchase Agreements, highly rated commercial paper, highly rated corporate bonds, Colorado

depositories collateralized at 102% of market value according to the guidelines of the Public Deposit Protection Act. CSAFE measures all of its investments at amortized cost. CSAFE is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

							Fair Value easurements Using:		
Investment Type		Rating		Up to 120 days		1 0			 Level 2
Federal Home Loan Bank	28%	Aaa	\$	-	\$	542,883	\$ 542,883		
Federal National Mortgage Assoc	5%	Aaa		99,907		-	99,907		
			\$	99,907	\$	542,883	642,790		
Money Market (unrated)	0%						9,241		
Certificates of Deposit	67%						1,304,262		
							 1,313,503		
							\$ 1,956,293		

NOTE 4 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

At December 31, 2018, the County had accounts receivable as follows:

General Fund:	
Ambulance Accounts Receivable	\$ 293,000
(Less) Allowance for Uncollectible	(293,000)
Other	57,993
	57,993
Social Services	879
Publc Health	49,831
	\$ 108,703

NOTE 5 PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE

At December 31, 2018, the County had an estimated property tax receivable divided among the funds as follows:

General Fund	\$1,295,989
Road and Bridge Fund	87,339
Social Services Fund	287,739
Capital Expenditures Fund	17,468
	\$1,688,535

NOTE 6 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2018, were as follows:

Transfer In	Transfer Out	1	Amount				
General Fund (PILT Fund)	Road and Bridge Fund	\$	100,000				
Capital Expenditures Fund	General Fund (PILT Fund)		100,000				
Public Health Fund	General Fund		30,000				
		\$	230,000				

The Road and Bridge transfer to General Fund (PILT Fund) in the amount of \$100,000 is for 1/5th of the amount used to purchase Road & Bridge equipment in 2015.

The General Fund (PILT Fund) transferred \$100,000 to subsidize the Capital Expenditures Fund.

The General Fund (Contingency Fund) transferred \$30,000 to the Public Health Fund for operating and administration costs.

NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2018, was as follows:

	Balance 12/31/201	7 Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/2018
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 740,8	24 \$ -	\$ -	\$ 740,824
Construction in Progress	657,8	29 111,126	768,955	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,398,6	53 111,126	768,955	740,824
Capital assets being depreciated				
Infrastructure	920,2	90 349,720	-	1,270,010
Buildings and Improvements	6,318,3	02 419,235	-	6,737,537
Equipment	4,598,2	79 84,230	-	4,682,509
Vehicles	1,072,2	67 141,104	10,500	1,202,871
Total capital assets being depreciated	12,909,1	38 994,289	10,500	13,892,927
Less: accumulated depreciation for				
Infrastructure	225,1	70 107,138	-	332,308
Buildings and Improvements	2,915,1	95 151,456	-	3,066,651
Equipment	3,649,8	90 197,620	-	3,847,510
Vehicles	762,6	106,481	10,500	858,608
Total accumulated depreciation	7,552,8	82 562,695	10,500	8,105,077
Total Capital Assets being depreciated, net	5,356,2	56 431,594		5,787,850
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 6,754,9	09 \$ 542,720	\$ 768,955	\$ 6,528,674

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

\$ 42,392
119,077
112,300
287,920
1,006
\$ 562,695

NOTE 8 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability balances for the year ended December 31, 2018, were as follows:

	12/31/2017 Balance	Additions	Deletions	12/31/2018 Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Capital Leases	\$ 188,295	\$ 96,380	\$ 66,188	\$ 218,487	\$ 80,792
Compensated Absences	234,869	9,007		243,876	8,663
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 423,164	\$ 105,387	\$ 66,188	\$ 462,363	\$ 89,455

Capital Leases

The County is obligated under certain leases accounted for as capital leases. These agreements are backed by the full faith and credit of the County and debt service is accounted for by the fund purchasing the equipment, the Road and Bridge Fund. The leased assets and related obligations are accounted for in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

2013 San Luis Valley Federal Bank

A lease purchase agreement, dated September 16, 2013, was entered into for \$165,000 between San Luis Valley Federal Bank, as lessor, and Conejos County (the "County"), as lessee, for the purchase of road and bridge equipment. Payments are due quarterly with an interest rate of 4.10%. Final payment is due September 2020. The equipment is included in capital assets at a cost of \$165,000 and accumulated depreciation of \$99,000 as of December 31, 2018. Principal balance at December 31, 2018, was \$45,765.

2013 Merchants Capital Resources, Inc.

A lease purchase agreement, dated July 11, 2013, was entered into for \$289,250 between Merchants Capital Resources, Inc., as lessor, and Conejos County (the "County"), as lessee, for the purchase of two motor graders. Payments are due quarterly with an interest rate of 3.69%. Final payment is due July 2020. The equipment is included in capital assets at a cost of \$289,250 and accumulated depreciation of \$173,550 as of December 31, 2018. Principal balance at December 31, 2018, was \$76,342.

2018 Alamosa State Bank

A lease purchase agreement, dated September 7, 2018, was entered into for \$96,380 between Alamosa State Bank as lessor, and Conejos County (the "County"), as lessee, for the purchase of three vehicles for the Sheriff's department. Payments are due annually with an interest rate of 4.5%. Final payment is due September 2025. The vehicles are included in capital assets at a cost of \$120,474 and accumulated depreciation of \$24,095 as of December 31, 2018. Principal balance at December 31, 2018, was \$96,380.

	F	Principal	I	Interest		Total
2019	\$	80,792	\$	8,053	\$	88,845
2020		65,894		4,828		70,722
2021		13,125		3,231		16,356
2022		13,714		2,642		16,356
2023		14,333		2,023		16,356
2024-2025		30,629		2,083		32,712
	φ.	210 407	φ.	22.060	Φ.	0.41.0.47
	\$	218,487	\$	22,860	\$	241,347

The annual debt service for the capital leases is as follows:

NOTE 9 OPERATING LEASES

The County is committed under various leases for office equipment and software. These leases are considered operating leases for accounting purposes. Lease expenses for the year totaled \$48,709.

NOTE 10 RETIREMENT

Pension Plans

All eligible employees, participate in the Colorado County Officials and Employees Retirement Association (CCOERA) (the Plan), a defined contribution plan, authorized by state statute. The Plan is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and all contributions by or on behalf of employees are tax deferred until time of withdrawal.

Employees are eligible after completing twelve months of service with the County, and participation is mandatory after one year of employment. Employee and employer contributions are 100% vested immediately upon employee participation in the plan.

The County must contribute 4% of the compensation of each participant. Each participant contributes a minimum amount equal to the County's contribution, and is permitted to make additional contributions not to exceed 10% of their compensation. For the year ended December 31, 2018, employee contributions totaled \$123,918 and the County recognized pension expense of \$118,462. The County recognized \$6,561 of forfeitures in retirement expense during 2018.

Plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses. The Plan may be amended by resolution of the Board of County Commissioners but it may not be amended beyond the limits established by state statute.

Deferred Compensation Plan

The County also offers its employees an additional voluntary deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code 457(f), administered by Colorado County Officials and Employees Retirement Association (CCOERA) (the Plan).

The Plan permits the employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergencies. The County has no other liability other than to make the required monthly contribution.

NOTE 11 COLORADO CONTRABAND FORFEITURE ACT

We have reviewed financial activity in the Sheriff's Department for compliance with the above referenced act. There were no sales of contraband during the year ended December 31, 2018.

NOTE 12 TABOR AMENDMENT RESERVE

Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20, which has several limitations, including revenue raising, spending abilities, and other specific requirements of state and local governments. The amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The County believes it is in compliance with the requirements of the amendment.

Fiscal year spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's spending adjusted for inflation and local growth. The voters of the County have approved a measure that allows the County to retain and spend revenue in excess of the limit.

The amendment also requires that emergency reserves be established. These reserves must be at least three percent of fiscal year spending. The emergency reserve has been presented as restricted fund balance/net position in the financial statements. The County is not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

NOTE 13 RISK MANAGEMENT

Colorado Counties Casualty and Property Pool (CAPP)

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to property and casualty losses. The County joined together with other counties in the State of Colorado to form the Colorado Counties Casualty and Property Pool (CAPP), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member counties. The County pays an annual contribution to CAPP for its property and casualty insurance coverage. The inter-governmental agreement of formation of CAPP provides that the pool will be financially self-sustaining through member contributions and additional assessments, if necessary, and the Pool will purchase excess insurance through commercial companies for members' claims in excess of a specified self-insured retention that is determined each policy year. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

At December 31, 2018, CAPP had assets of \$23,016,375, liabilities of \$9,646,756 (including \$7,836,742 reserved for losses and claims), and members' equity of \$13,369,619. The liability amount includes no long-term debt. Total revenues for the year ended December 31, 2018, amounted to \$7,151,660 and total expenses were \$6,642,862 resulting in net income before return of surplus of \$508,798.

Colorado Workers' Compensation Pool (CWCP)

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries of employees while on the job. The County has joined together with other counties in the State of Colorado to form the Colorado Workers' Compensation Pool (CWCP), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member counties. The County pays an annual contribution to CWCP for its workers' compensation insurance coverage. The intergovernmental agreement of formation of CWCP provides that the pool will be financially self-sustaining through member contributions and additional assessments, if necessary, and the Pool will purchase excess insurance through commercial companies for members' claims in excess of a specified self-insured retention that is determined each policy year. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

At December 31, 2018, CWCP had assets of \$43,968,355, liabilities of \$27,334,419 (including \$25,657,113 reserved for losses and claims) and members' equity of \$16,633,936. The liability amount includes no long-term debt. Total revenues for the year ended December 31, 2018, amounted to \$12,161,699 total expenses were \$11,625,868 resulting in net loss before return of surplus of \$535,831.

NOTE 14 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Grant Programs

The County participates in a number of federal and state grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The amount of expenditures, if any, which may be disallowed by the granting agencies, cannot be determined at this time although the County expects any such amounts to be immaterial.

Single Entry Point Program

The County has \$576,097 in unspent funds from the Single Entry Point program that may be requested to be paid back by the Colorado Department of Health Care Policy and Financing. The unspent funds are restricted in the Public Health Fund for the specific use of the Single Entry Point program.

Litigation

The County is a party to various legal actions normally associated with governmental activities, aggregate effect, which in management's and legal counsel's opinion, would not be material to the financial statements.

Insurance Pools

The County is a member of the Colorado Counties Casualty and Property Pool (CAPP) and the Colorado Workers' Compensation Pool (CWCP). CAPP and CWCP have a legal obligation for claims against its members to the extent that funds are available in their annually established loss funds and amounts are available from insurance providers under excess specific and aggregate insurance contracts. Losses incurred in excess of loss funds are direct liabilities of the participating members. CAPP and CWCP have indicated that the amount of any excess losses would be billed to members in proportion to their contributions in the year such excess occurs. The ultimate liability to the County resulting from claims not covered by CAPP and CWCP is not presently determinable.

CONEJOS COUNTY, COLORADO

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

In addition to the basic financial statements, a budgetary comparison schedule is required for the General Fund and, if applicable, each of the County's major special revenue funds.

CONEJOS COUNTY, COLORADO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	BUDGETED			VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE		
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)		
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 1,421,872	\$ 1,421,872	\$ 1,538,298	\$ 116,426		
Intergovernmental Revenue	1,153,415	1,503,415	1,695,844	192,429		
Licenses and Permits	42,000	42,000	50,025	8,025		
Interest on Investments	9,885	9,885	81,711	71,826		
Charges for Services	663,300	663,300	773,946	110,646		
Miscellaneous	24,500	64,718	104,391	39,673		
TOTAL REVENUES	3,314,972	3,705,190	4,244,215	539,025		
EXPENDITURES						
General Government	1,827,350	2,177,350	2,092,341	85,009		
Public Safety	1,674,106	1,714,324	1,557,609	156,715		
Health and Welfare	646,061	646,061	644,140	1,921		
Judicial - District Attorney	149,000	149,000	149,000	-		
Auxiliary Services	20,856	20,856	18,989	1,867		
Capital Outlay			177,709	(177,709)		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,317,373	4,707,591	4,639,788	67,803		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(1,002,401)	(1,002,401)	(395,573)	606,828		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Lease Proceeds	-	-	96,380	96,380		
Transfers In	310,000	310,000	100,000	(210,000)		
Transfers Out	(130,000)	(130,000)	(130,000)			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	180,000	180,000	66,380	(113,620)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(822,401)	(822,401)	(329,193)	493,208		
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	2,859,775	2,859,775	3,187,143	327,368		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 2,037,374	\$ 2,037,374	\$ 2,857,950	\$ 820,576		

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP.

CONEJOS COUNTY, COLORADO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	BUDGETED	AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 93,245	\$ 93,245	\$ 92,054	\$ (1,191)
Intergovernmental Revenue	1,620,000	1,890,000	2,437,147	547,147
Interest on Investments	100	100	22,301	22,201
Miscellaneous			14,665	14,665
TOTAL REVENUES	1,713,345	1,983,345	2,566,167	582,822
EXPENDITURES				
General Government	-	270,000	282,821	(12,821)
Highways and Streets	1,902,870	1,902,870	1,472,722	430,148
Capital Outlay	-	-	176,590	(176,590)
Debt Service			72,489	(72,489)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,902,870	2,172,870	2,004,622	168,248
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers Out	(180,000)	(180,000)	(100,000)	80,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCSE (USES)	(180,000)	(180,000)	(100,000)	80,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(369,525)	(369,525)	461,545	831,070
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	866,741	866,741	1,299,607	432,866
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 497,216	\$ 497,216	\$ 1,761,152	\$ 1,263,936

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP.

CONEJOS COUNTY, COLORADO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SOCIAL SERVICES FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	BUDGETEI	O AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE			
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)			
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ 364,789	\$ 364,789	\$ 364,856	\$ 67			
Intergovernmental Revenue	5,393,634	5,393,634	4,601,523	(792,111)			
Miscellaneous Revenue							
TOTAL REVENUES	5,758,423	5,758,423	4,966,379	(792,044)			
EXPENDITURES							
Health and Welfare	5,713,264	5,713,264	4,802,825	910,439			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	5,713,264	5,713,264	4,802,825	910,439			
Net Change in Fund Balance	45,159	45,159	163,554	118,395			
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	787,317	787,317	810,976	23,659			
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 832,476	\$ 832,476	\$ 974,530	\$ 142,054			

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP.

CONEJOS COUNTY, COLORADO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PUBLIC HEALTH FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

							RIANCE WITH NAL BUDGET
	BUDGETED AMOUNTS						POSITIVE
	0	RIGINAL		FINAL	 ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	645,735	\$	645,735	\$ 800,330	\$	154,595
Interest on Investments		-		-	838		838
Charges for Services		740,000		740,000	671,662		(68,338)
Miscellaneous		5,132		5,132	 8,370	·	3,238
TOTAL REVENUES		1,390,867		1,390,867	 1,481,200		90,333
EXPENDITURES							
Health and Welfare		1,572,982		1,577,382	1,329,522		247,860
Capital Outlay		-		-	 5,024		(5,024)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,572,982		1,577,382	 1,334,546		242,836
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		(182,115)		(186,515)	 146,654		333,169
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers In		70,000		70,000	30,000		(40,000)
Commodities Received		-		-	96,892		96,892
Commodities Issued		-		-	 (96,892)		(96,892)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		70,000		70,000	 30,000		(40,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(112,115)		(116,515)	176,654		293,169
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		804,533		804,533	 824,841		20,308
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	692,418	\$	688,018	\$ 1,001,495	\$	313,477

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP.

CONEJOS COUNTY, COLORADO

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

The combining fund schedules represent the second level of financial reporting for the County. These schedules present more detailed information for the individual funds in a format that segregates information by fund type.

CONEJOS COUNTY, COLORADO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND December 31, 2018

GENERAL FUND		CON	FINGENCY	CONTINGENCY FUND		PILT FUND		TOTAL	
.		.		.		.		<u>_</u>	
\$,	\$	594,492	\$	220,497	\$	1,755,676	\$	2,866,565
	-		-		- 17.468		-		57,993 1,295,989
	1,270,521				17,400				1,275,767
\$	1,632,414	\$	594,492	\$	237,965	\$	1,755,676	\$	4,220,547
\$	17,843	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	17,843
	48,765		-		-		-		48,765
	66,608		<u> </u>						66,608
	1,278,521		-		17,468		-		1,295,989
	_		284 000		_		-		284,000
			201,000						201,000
	-		310,492		220,497		1,755,676		2,286,665
	287,285		-		-		-		287,285
	287,285		594,492		220,497		1,755,676		2,857,950
\$	1,632,414	\$	594,492	\$	237,965	\$	1,755,676	\$	4,220,547
	\$ <u>\$</u>	FUND \$ 295,900 57,993 1,278,521 \$ 1,632,414 \$ 1,632,414 \$ 17,843 48,765 66,608 1,278,521 - - - 287,285 287,285	GENERAL FUND CON \$ 295,900 \$ \$ 295,900 \$ $$ 295,900 $ $ 1,278,521 $ $ 1,632,414 $ $ 1,632,414 $ $ 1,632,414 $ $ 1,632,414 $ $ 1,632,414 $ $ 1,632,414 $ $ 1,278,521 $ $ 1,278,521 $ $ 287,285 $ 287,285 287,285 $ $	FUNDFUND\$295,900\$594,492 $57,993$ $1,278,521$ -\$ $1,632,414$ \$ $594,492$ \$ $1,632,414$ \$ $594,492$ \$ $1,632,414$ \$ $594,492$ \$ $1,632,414$ \$ $594,492$ \$ $1,278,521$ $284,000$ $284,000$ - $287,285$ - $287,285$ $594,492$	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

29

CONEJOS COUNTY, COLORADO COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	GENERAL FUND	GENERAL CONTINGENCY FUND	CONTINGENCY FUND	PILT FUND	ELIMINATIONS	TOTAL
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 1,518,027	\$ -	\$ 20,271	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,538,298
Intergovernmental Revenue	503,732	-	-	1,192,112	-	1,695,844
Licenses and Permits	50,025	-	-	-	-	50,025
Interest on Investments	30,840	7,719	607	42,545	-	81,711
Charges for Services	773,946	-	-	-	-	773,946
Miscellaneous	104,391					104,391
TOTAL REVENUES	2,980,961	7,719	20,878	1,234,657	<u> </u>	4,244,215
EXPENDITURES						
General Government	2,091,831	-	510	-	-	2,092,341
Public Safety	1,557,609	-	-	-	-	1,557,609
Health and Welfare	644,140	-	-	-	-	644,140
Judicial - District Attorney	149,000	-	-	-	-	149,000
Auxiliary Services	18,989	-	-	-	-	18,989
Capital Outlay	177,709		-			177,709
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,639,278		510			4,639,788
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(1,658,317)	7,719	20,368	1,234,657		(395,573)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Lease Proceeds	96,380	-	-	-	-	96,380
Transfers In	1,300,000	-	-	100,000	(1,300,000)	100,000
Transfers Out		(30,000)		(1,400,000)	1,300,000	(130,000)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	1,396,380	(30,000)		(1,300,000)		66,380
Net Change in Fund Balance	(261,937)	(22,281)	20,368	(65,343)	-	(329,193)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	549,222	616,773	200,129	1,821,019		3,187,143
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 287,285	\$ 594,492	\$ 220,497	\$ 1,755,676	\$	\$ 2,857,950

CONEJOS COUNTY, COLORADO NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to be expended for particular purposes.

Conservation Trust Fund – This fund is used to account for the County share of the state lottery program. The monies may be expended only for the acquisition, development, and maintenance of parks, and other public recreational facilities.

Lodging Tax Fund – This fund is used to account for the County share of the lodging tax collected on each hotel/motel that is rented in Conejos County. The monies may be expended to promote Conejos County to tourists.

CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

Capital project funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Capital Expenditures Fund – This fund is used to account for the monies set aside for capital expenditures.

CONEJOS COUNTY, COLORADO NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET December 31, 2018

	NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS			CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND				
	CON	SERVATION TRUST FUND	_	ODGING TAX FUND	EXPE	APITAL ENDITURES FUND	NO	FOTAL NMAJOR RNMENTAL
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments Property Taxes Receivable	\$	54,794	\$	58,207	\$	165,096 17,468	\$	278,097 17,468
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	54,794	\$	58,207	\$	182,564	\$	295,565
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		-		-		-		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Property Tax						17,468		17,468
FUND BALANCE Committed to								
Capital Expenditures		-		-		165,096		165,096
Culture and Recreation		54,794		58,207				113,001
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		54,794		58,207		165,096		278,097
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE	\$	54,794	\$	58,207	\$	182,564	\$	295,565

CONEJOS COUNTY, COLORADO NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	NONMAJOR REVENUE		CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	
	CONSERVATION TRUST FUND	LODGING TAX FUND	CAPITAL EXPENDITURES FUND	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ -	\$ 54,879	\$ 20,270	\$ 75,149
Intergovernmental Revenue	43,326	-	-	43,326
Interest on Investments	203	-	6,945	7,148
Miscellaneous	5,468	-		5,468
TOTAL REVENUES	48,997	54,879	27,215	131,091
EXPENDITURES				
General Government	-	-	509	509
Culture and Recreation	34,361	27,251	-	61,612
Capital Outlay		-	29,901	29,901
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	34,361	27,251	30,410	92,022
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	14,636	27,628	(3,195)	39,069
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In			100,000	100,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			100,000	100,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	14,636	27,628	96,805	139,069
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	40,158	30,579	68,291	139,028
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 54,794	\$ 58,207	\$ 165,096	\$ 278,097

CONEJOS COUNTY, COLORADO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND TRANSFERS OUT BUDGET AND ACTUAL ALL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

]	BUDGETEI) AM	OUNTS	REP	ENDITURES ORTED ON HE GAAP	FINA	ANCE WITH L BUDGET OSITIVE
	OF	RIGINAL		FINAL		BASIS	(NE	GATIVE)
Governmental Funds								
Non-major Governmental Funds								
Special Revenue Funds								
Conservation Trust Fund	\$	41,891	\$	41,891	\$	34,361	\$	7,530
Lodging Tax Fund		30,266		30,266		27,251		3,015
Total Special Revenue Funds		72,157		72,157		61,612		10,545
Capital Projects Fund								
Capital Expenditures Fund		60,475		60,475		30,410		30,065
Total Non-major Governmental Funds	\$	132,632	\$	132,632	\$	92,022	\$	40,610

CONEJOS COUNTY, COLORADO

OTHER SCHEDULES AND REPORTS

CONEJOS COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Grantor and Number	Passed-through to Subrecipients (\$)	Federal Expenditures(\$)
CCDF Cluster				
Department of Health and Human Services				
		Colorado Department of		
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	Human Services,N/A		\$ 70,520
Total Child Care and Development Block Grant				70,520
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds	02.506	Colorado Department of		21.100
of the Child Care and Development Fund Total Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds	93.596	Human Services,N/A		31,100
of the Child Care and Development Fund				31,100
Total Department of Health and Human Services				101,620
Total CCDF Cluster				101,620
				101,020
Food Distribution Cluster				
Department of Agriculture				
		Colorado Department of		
Commodity Supplemental Food Program	10.565	Human Services,N/A		96,892
		Colorado Department of		
Commodity Supplemental Food Program	10.565	Human Services,N/A		38,735
Total Commodity Supplemental Food Program				135,627
		Colorado Department of		
Emergency Food Assistance Program		Human Services and Care		
(Food Commodities)	10.569	and Share Food Bank,N/A		40,325
Total Emergency Food Assistance Program (Food Commodities)				40.225
				40,325
Total Department of Agriculture				175,952
Total Food Distribution Cluster				175,952
TANF Cluster				
Department of Health and Human Services				
Temporary Assistance for		Colorado Department of		
Needy Families (TANF) State Programs	93.558	Human Services,N/A		248,940
Total Temporary Assistance for				2 1 2 1 2 1 3
Needy Families (TANF) State Programs				248,940
Total TANF Cluster				248,940

CONEJOS COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Grantor and Number	Passed-through to Subrecipients (\$)	Federal Expenditures(\$)
Medical Assistance Program				
(Medicaid Cluster)				
Department of Health and Human Services				
		Colorado Department of Health Care Policy and		
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	Financing, N/A		117,339
	201110	Colorado Department of		11,,005
		Health Care Policy and		
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	Financing, N/A		29,704
		Colorado Department		
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	of Health Care Policy and Financing, N/A	113,831	230,238
Total Medical Assistance Program)).110	and I mancing, WA	113,831	377,281
Total Medical Assistance Program Total Medical Assistance Program			115,051	577,201
(Medicaid Cluster)			113,831	377,281
SNAP Cluster				
Department of Agriculture				
State Administrative Matching Grants for the		Colorado Department of		
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	Human Services,N/A		65,703
Total Department of Agriculture				65,703
Total SNAP Cluster				65,703
Schools and Roads Cluster				
Department of Agriculture				
		Colorado Department of		
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	Treasury,N/A	256,340	269,832
Total Schools and Roads - Grants to States			256,340	269,832
Total Schools and Roads Cluster			256,340	269,832
Total All Clusters			370,171	1,239,328
Other Programs				
Department of Homeland Security				
		Colorado Department		
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	of Local Affairs,N/A		17,263
Total Department of Homeland Security				17,263

CONEJOS COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	eral Grantor/Program or Cluster Title Number		Passed-through to Subrecipients (\$)	Federal Expenditures(\$)
Department of Health and Human Services				
		Colorado Department of		
		Public Health and		
Public Health Emergency Preparedness	93.069	Environment, N/A		2,952
		Colorado Department of		
Hospital Preparedness Program (HPP) and		Public Health and		
Public Health Emergency Preparedness (PHEP)		Environment,HW18CJ/HW		
Aligned Cooperative Agreements	93.074	19CJ		21,942
		Colorado Department of		
Guardianship Assistance	93.090	Human Services,N/A		737
		Colorado Department of		
Child Support Enforcement	93.563	Human Services,N/A		111,546
		Colorado Department of		
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	Human Services,N/A		1,055
Stephanie Tubbs Jones		Colorado Department of		
Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	Human Services,N/A		9,438
		Colorado Department of		
Foster Care_Title IV-E	93.658	Human Services,N/A		168,880
		Colorado Department of		
Adoption Assistance	93.659	Human Services,N/A		17,662
		Colorado Department of		
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	Human Services,N/A		43,516
		Colorado Department of		
Maternal and Child Health Services		Public Health and		
Block Grant to the States	93.994	Environment,ND18FL		9,758
Total Department of Health and Human Services				387,486
otal Other Programs				404,749
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 370,171	\$ 1,644,077

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

CONEJOS COUNTY, COLORADO NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE 1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of Conejos County, Colorado under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2018. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Conejos County, Colorado, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Conejos County, Colorado.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Pass-through identifying numbers are presented where available. A portion of Medicaid Cluster and Schools and Roads Cluster funds were passed through to subrecipients. The County did not elect to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under Uniform Guidance for the year ended December 31, 2018.

NOTE 3 FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of commodities received and disbursed.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



Wall, Smith, Bateman Inc.

To the Board of County Commissioners Conejos County, Colorado

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Conejos County, Colorado (the County), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated July 15, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be a material weakness. Finding 2018-001.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The

Certified Public Accountants

700 Main Street, Suite 200 PO Box 809 Alamosa, CO 81101 | 719-589-3619 | f 719-589-5492 | www.wsbcpa.com

Board of County Commissioners Conejos County, Colorado Page 2

results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

County's Response to Findings

The County's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying corrective action plan. The County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wall, Smith, Barteman Inc.

Wall, Smith, Bateman Inc. Alamosa, Colorado

July 15, 2019

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE



Wall, Smith, Bateman Inc.

To the Board of County Commissioners Conejos County, Colorado Conejos, Colorado

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Conejos County, Colorado's (the County) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2018. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Conejos County, Colorado, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Certified Public Accountants

700 Main Street, Suite 200 PO Box 809 Alamosa, CO 81101 | 719-589-3619 | f 719-589-5492 | www.wsbcpa.com

Board of County Commissioners Conejos County, Colorado Page 2

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance with a type of compliance control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wall, Smith, Barteman Inc.

Wall, Smith, Bateman Inc. Alamosa, Colorado

July 15, 2019

CONEJOS COUNTY, COLORADO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Section I – Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:		Unmodi	fied
Internal control over financial reporting:Material weakness(es) identified?		X_yes	no
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that ar 	e not —	<u>y</u> cs	10
considered to be material weakness(es)?	c not	yes	X_none reported
 Noncompliance material to financial statem 	ents noted?	yes	<u>X</u> no
Federal Awards			
Internal control over major programs:			
 Material weakness(es) identified? 	_	yes	<u>X</u> no
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that ar 	e not		
considered to be material weakness(es)?	_	yes	X_none reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for r	najor programs:	Unmodi	ñed
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be	reported in		
accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)?	-	yes	<u> X </u> no
Identification of major programs:			
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal	Program or C	luster
10.561	SNAP Cluster		
93.558	TANF Cluster		
93.778	Medicaid Cluste	r	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A	A and type B progr	rams: \$750,00	0

Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?

____yes ___X_no

CONEJOS COUNTY, COLORADO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

<u>Section II – Financial Statement Findings</u>

Finding 2018-001: Internal Control over Financial Reporting (Repeat of Finding 2017-001, 2016-001, 2015-001, 2014-001, 2013-001 and 12-1)

Type of finding: Internal Control (material weakness)

Condition/Cause: Internal controls over monthly and year-end reconciliation procedures were not sufficient to prevent and detect financial misstatements. Capital asset and inventory listings were not updated to correctly reflect current year activity and year end balances. In addition, controls were not in place to monitor grant disbursements made to other entities to ensure funds were spent in accordance with the grant terms.

Criteria: A system of internal controls includes the design, documentation, and monitoring of control activities over the application of accounting principles, antifraud programs, non-routine transactions, financial statement preparation and safeguarding of assets.

Effect: As a result of this condition the following areas were affected:

- 1. Audit adjustments were proposed to properly state the County financial statements as of December 31, 2018, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.
- 2. The County acted as the fiscal agent for a grant and did not have any supporting documentation for the expenditures or final report before distributing the money to the recipient.
- 3. Outside prisoner housing was not consistently invoiced during 2018. The County may be unable recover approximately \$29,000 of services rendered.

Recommendation: The County should strengthen its internal controls with adopted policies and procedures regarding monthly and year-end financial close accounting and government-wide reporting and continue to strengthen reconciliation and monitoring processes for year-end accruals, grant activity and capital asset and inventory transactions and balances.

Management's Response: See corrective action plan.

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

CONEJOS COUNTY, COLORADO SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

Finding 2017-001: Internal Control over Financial Reporting (Repeat of Finding 2016-001, 2015-001, 2014-001, 2013-001, and 12-1)

Type of finding: Internal Control (material weakness)

Condition/Cause: The County does not have a complete system of internal control to prevent and detect financial misstatements.

Status: Partially Implemented (see Finding 2018-001)

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Finding 2017-002: TANF Cluster, CFDA No. 93.558 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

Passed through Colorado Department of Human Services

Compliance Requirement: Eligibility and Special Tests and Provisions

Grant No.: Not applicable

Type of finding: Internal Control (significant deficiency) and Compliance (noncompliance)

Condition: 2 of 5 case files reviewed were missing required information.

Status: Implemented

Finding 2017-003:Medicaid Cluster, CFDA No. 93.778U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

Passed through Colorado Department of Human Services and Colorado Department of Health Care Policy and Financing

Compliance Requirement: Eligibility

Grant No.: Not applicable

Type of finding: Internal Control (significant deficiency) and Compliance (noncompliance)

Condition: The County was unable to locate one of 25 case files selected for testing.

Status: Implemented



Board of County Commissioners

J. Steven McCarroll

Carlos Garcia

Mitchell Jarvies

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

Oversight Agency - U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

Conejos County, Colorado respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Independent Accountants:	Wall, Smith, Bateman Inc. Certified Public Accountants 700 Main Street, Suite 200, P.O. Box 809 Alamosa, CO 81101
Audit period:	Year ended December 31, 2018

The findings from the December 31, 2018 schedule of findings and questioned costs are discussed below. The findings are numbered consistently with the numbers assigned in the schedule. Section I of the schedule, Summary of Auditors' Results, does not include findings and is not addressed.

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

Finding 2018-001: Internal Control over Financial Reporting (Repeat of Findings 2017-001, 2016-001, 2015-001, 2014-001, 2013-001, and 12-1)

Type of finding: Internal Control (material weakness)

Recommendation: The County should strengthen its internal controls with adopted policies and procedures regarding monthly and year-end financial close accounting and government-wide reporting and continue to strengthen reconciliation and monitoring processes for year-end accruals, grant activity, and capital asset, and inventory transactions and balances.

Action Taken: The capital asset and inventory transactions and balances will be reconciled on a quarterly basis in an effort to have the balances ready for final review prior to the end of the county's calendar year.

To monitor grant disbursements made to other entities to ensure funds are spent in accordance with grant terms and conditions, we will ask for support documentation in the form of invoices, approvals, and authorizations to pay prior to issuing checks for such expenditures.

The procedures and processes used by the Sheriff's office to invoice for outside prisoner housing will be reviewed and strengthened to avoid any future issues to avoid losing out on outside prisoner housing revenues. A quarterly invoice billed will be given to the sheriff for review. The discrepancy that was found in 2018 has been taken care of and billed to the County that was provided the service.

Conejos County, Colorado Corrective Action Plan Page 2

If the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services have questions regarding this plan, please call the responsible party listed below.

Sincerely yours,

Inssise maiting

Tressesa Martinez County Administrator Conejos County, Colorado

The public report burden for this information collection is estimated t	o average 380 hours annually			Financial Planning 02/01 Form # 350-050-36
The public report burden for this information concerton is estimated t	o average 580 nours annuarry.		City or County:	10111#350-050-50
			Conejos County	
LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT			YEAR ENDING :	
			December 2018	
This Information From The Records Of :		Prepared By:	GARY GURULE	·
County of Conejos		Phone:	(719)376-5772 x2	
I. DISPOSITION OF HIGHWAY-USE	CR REVENUES AVAII	LABLE FOR LOCAL GO	OVERNMENT EXPEN	DITURE
ITEM	ITEM A. Local Motor-Fuel Taxes		C. Receipts from State Highway- User Taxes	D. Receipts from Federal Highway Administration
. Total receipts available	Taxes	Taxes	User Taxes	Aummistration
. Minus amount used for collection expenses				
Minus amount used for concerton expenses				
. Minus amount used for mass transit				
. Remainder used for highway purposes				
. Remainder used for highway purposes				
II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET	PURPOSES		SBURSEMENTS FOR I	-
ITEM	AMOUNT	ITI		AMOUNT
A. Receipts from local sources:		A. Local highway disbu		
1. Local highway-user taxes		1. Capital outlay (from		176,590
a. Motor Fuel (from Item I.A.5.)		2. Maintenance:	10/	1,495,25
b. Motor Vehicle (from Item I.B.5.)		3. Road and street ser	vices:	1,1,2,20
c. Total (a.+b.)		a. Traffic control of		
2. General fund appropriations		b. Snow and ice re		
3. Other local imposts (from page 2)	92,054		Misc. Grant	
4. Miscellaneous local receipts (from page 2)	37,632	d. Total (a. throug		
5. Transfers from toll facilities	51,052	4. General administra	tion & miscellaneous	95,85
6. Proceeds of sale of bonds and notes:		5. Highway law enforcement and safety		8,09
a. Bonds - Original Issues		6. Total (1 through 5)		1,775,79
b. Bonds - Refunding Issues		B. Debt service on local obligations:		1,775,75
c. Notes		1. Bonds:	oongations.	
d. Total $(a. + b. + c.)$	0			
7. Total (1 through 6)	129,686	b. Redemption		
3. Private Contributions	129,000	c. Total $(a. + b.)$		
C. Receipts from State government		2. Notes:		
(from page 2)	2,166,647	a. Interest		6,30
D. Receipts from Federal Government	2,100,017	b. Redemption		66,18
(from page 2)	13,492	c. Total $(a. + b.)$		72,48
$\begin{array}{c} (1011 \text{ puge } 2) \\ \text{C. Total receipts (A.7 + B + C + D)} \end{array}$	2,309,825			72,48
	2,507,025	C. Payments to State for	ar highways	72,10
		D. Payments to toll faci		
		E. Total disbursements		1,848,28
I	V. LOCAL HIGHWA			1,010,20
	(Show all entri	ies at par)		
	Opening Debt	Amount Issued	Redemptions	Closing Debt
A. Bonds (Total)				
1. Bonds (Refunding Portion)				
3. Notes (Total)	188,283	0	66,188	122,09
V. L0	CAL ROAD AND STR	REET FUND BALANCE		
A. Beginning Balance	B. Total Receipts	C. Total Disbursements	D. Ending Balance	E. Reconciliation
	2,309,825	1,848,281	1,761,151	
1. Bonds (Refunding Portion) B. Notes (Total) V. LO	CAL ROAD AND STR	REET FUND BALANCE		

LOCAL HIGHWAY	FINANCE REPORT	<u>(</u> }	STATE: Colorado /EAR ENDING (mm/yy): December 2018	
II. RECEIPTS FO	OR ROAD AND STREE	T PURPOSES - DETA	AIL	
ITEM	AMOUNT		ITEM	AMOUNT
A.3. Other local imposts:		A.4. Miscellaneous lo	cal receipts:	
a. Property Taxes and Assessments	76,992	a. Interest on inv	vestments	22,30
b. Other local imposts:		b. Traffic Fines		
1. Sales Taxes		c. Parking Garag	ge Fees	
2. Infrastructure & Impact Fees		d. Parking Mete		
3. Liens		e. Sale of Surplu		10.45
4. Licenses	15.0(2	f. Charges for S		12,45
5. Specific Ownership &/or Other	15,062 15,062	g. Other Misc. F	Receipts	2,88
6. Total (1. through 5.) c. Total (a. + b.)	92,054	h. Other i. Total (a. throu	vale le)	37,63
c. $1 \text{ otal} (a. + b.)$	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1. Total (a. throu	ign n.)	,
	(Carry forward to page 1)			(Carry forward to page 1)
ITEM	AMOUNT		ITEM	AMOUNT
C. Receipts from State Government		D. Receipts from Fed		
1. Highway-user taxes	2,148,280	1. FHWA (from Iter		
2. State general funds	_	2. Other Federal age	encies:	
3. Other State funds:	-	a. Forest Service		13,49
a. State bond proceeds	-	b. FEMA		
b. Project Match	10.265	c. HUD		
c. Motor Vehicle Registrations	18,367	d. Federal Transit		
d. Other (Specify) - Misc. Grant	0	e. U.S. Corps of I f. Other Federal:		
e. Other (Specify) f. Total (a. through e.)	18,367	g. Total (a. throug	13,49	
4. Total $(1. + 2. + 3.f)$	2,166,647	3. Total $(1. + 2.g)$	15,49	
1. Total (1. + 2. + 5.1)	2,100,017	5. Total (1. + 2.g)		(Carry forward to page 1)
III. DISBURSEMENT	TS FOR ROAD AND ST	REET PURPOSES - D	DETAIL	
		ON NATIONAL	OFF NATIONAL	
		HIGHWAY	HIGHWAY	TOTAL
		SYSTEM	SYSTEM	IUIAL
		(a)	(b)	(c)
A.1. Capital outlay:		(4)		
a. Right-Of-Way Costs				
b. Engineering Costs				
c. Construction:				
(1). New Facilities				
(2). Capacity Improvements			136,460	136,46
(3). System Preservation			40,130	40,13
(4). System Enhancement & Operation				
(5). Total Construction $(1) + (2) + (2)$	(3) + (4)	0	176,590	176,59
d. Total Capital Outlay (Lines 1.a. + 1.b	. + 1.c.5)	0	176,590	176,59
				(Carry forward to page 1)
Notes and Comments:				